#### **Documentation That Matters**

### **Objectives**

- Define nursing documentation.
- Discuss the importance of documentation in health care.
- Summarize key elements to be included for accurate documentation.
- Review two documentation methods that produce quality results.

### **Definition**

Any written or electronically produced information that describes the care discussed, planned, recommended, and/or provided to the patient and the subsequent outcomes.

### **Purpose**

- To record all patient care activities and demonstrate professional practice and accountability.
- For reimbursement.
- To provide data for Research and Quality Management.

### **Documentation Tools**

- Electronic
- Flowsheets
- Progress Record
- Checklists
- Care Plans
- Care Maps
- Monitor Strips
- Kardex

### **Factors that Improve the Quality of Documentation**

- Accuracy
- Relevance
- Completeness
- Timeliness
- Confidentiality

#### What to document

Patient's physical and mental status

All care & education provided by nursing and the interdisciplinary team

The patient's response to treatment

Any issues involving the patient and/or family

(documentation that matters cont'd)

#### When to document

- On admission/transfer/discharge
- Every time care is provided
- Assessment/reassessment
- If there are issues/occurrences

# **Incident Report**

A document that records an occurrence involving patients, visitors, and/or employees.

# DO's for quality documentation

- Document often to tell the whole story
- Write professionally terminology, content, syntax
- Sign, date, time all entries

# DON'T's for quality documentation

- Document before care is provided
- Alter the medical record
- Block chart
- Write imprecise descriptions
- Leave large spaces and blank lines

#### **Documentation Methods**

# **SOAPIER - Problem Oriented Charting**

~	1 • 4•	XX71 , ,1 , ,* ,
•	subjective	What the patient says
. 7	SHIDICULIVE	WHALLIE DALEH SAVS

O objective Factual data – observed/measured

A assessment Conclusions based on objective & subjective data

P plan Management plan of care

I interventions Care given

**E** evaluation Outcome/responses to care

**R** revision Changes in the management plan

### **DAR - Focus Charting**

**D** assessment phase of the nursing process – subjective & objective data

**A** action – planning & implementation

**R** response – evaluation of care